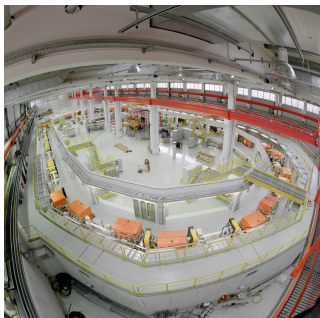


Storage Rings for the Search of Charged Particles Electric Dipole Moments

C. Carli, P. Fierlinger, P. Lenisa, J. Pretz, F. Rathmann, E.
Stephenson and H. Ströher

CERN (Switzerland), TUM München (Germany), Univ. of Ferrara and INFN (Italy), FZ-Jülich
(Germany), RWTH Aachen (Germany), Indiana Univ. (USA)

Snowmass 2021, October 6th, 2020



COSY-SR at FZ-Jülich (Germany)

Recent achievements in polarization technology in storage rings

- Long spin-coherence time [*Phys. Rev. Lett.* 117 (2016) 054801]
- Precise spin-tune measurement [*Phys. Rev. Lett.* 115 (2015) 094801]
- Spin-feedback system [*Phys. Rev. Lett.* 119 (2017) 014801]

Pave the way to the design of a new class of storage rings for precision measurements

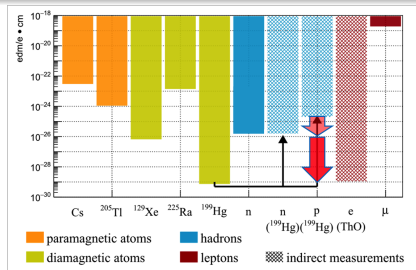
Motivation

Addressing the most intriguing puzzles of contemporary physics

- Preponderance of matter over antimatter
- Nature of Dark Matter

Approach

- Measur. of static Electric Dipole Moments (EDM) of fundamental particles.
- Search for axion-like particles (ALPs) as DM candidates through oscillating EDM



- Presented Lol: EDMs of charged hadrons: p , d , ^3He
- Goal is to bring the limit for p to 10^{-29} e • cm

High precision, primarily electric storage ring

- **Crucial role** of alignment, stability, field homogeneity and shielding from *unwanted* magnetic fields.
- High beam intensity: $N=4 \cdot 10^{10}$ per fill
- Polarized hadron beams: $P=0.8$
- Long spin coherence time: $\tau = 1000$ s
- Large electric fields: $E \sim 10$ MV/m
- Efficient polarimetry with:
 - large analyzing power: $A = 0.6$
 - high efficiency detection: $\text{eff.} = 0.005$

Expected statistical sensitivity in 1 year of data taking:

- $\sigma_{stat} = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{N} f \tau_{PAE}} \Rightarrow \sigma_{stat} = 10^{-29} e \cdot cm$
- Experimentalist's goal: provide σ_{syst} to the same level.

Staged approach

On the basis of the preparedness of the required technological development

Stage 1

precursor experiment
at COSY (FZ Jülich)

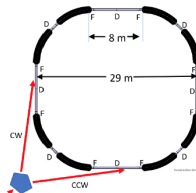


- magnetic storage ring

now

Stage 2

prototype ring

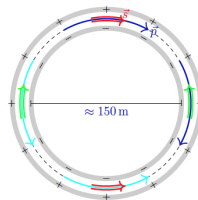


- electrostatic storage ring
- simultaneous \odot and \ominus beams

5 years

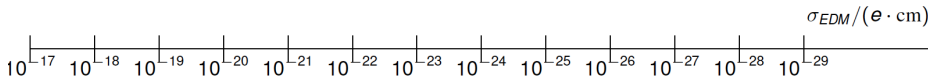
Stage 3

dedicated storage ring



- magic momentum
(701 MeV/c)

10 years

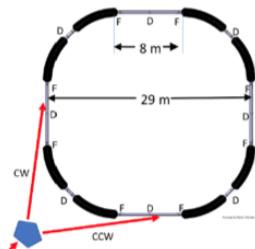


Stage 2: prototype EDM storage ring

- Build demonstrator for charged particle EDM
- Project prepared by CPEDM working group (CERN+JEDI)
 - Physics Beyond Collider process (CERN)
 - European Strategy for Particle Physics Update
- [S.R. to Search for EDMs of Charg. Part. - Feas. Study](#) (arXiv:1912.07881)

100 m circumference

- p at 30 MeV [all-electric](#) CW-CCW beams operation
- [Frozen spin](#) operation including additional [vertical magnetic fields](#)



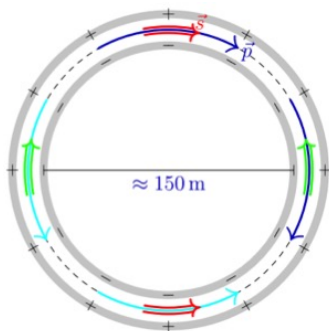
Challenges

- [All electric & E-B combined deflection](#)
- [Storage time](#)
- [CW-CCW operation](#)
- Spin-coherence time
- Polarimetry
- Magnetic moment effects
- [Stochastic cooling](#)

Stage 3: precision EDM ring

500 m circumference (with $E = 8 \text{ MV/m}$)

- All-electric deflection
- Magic momentum for protons ($p = 701 \text{ MeV/c}$)



Challenges

- All-electric deflection
- Simultaneous CW/CCW beams
- Phase-space cooled beams
- Long spin coherence time ($> 1000 \text{ s}$)
- Non-destructive precision polarimetry
- Optimum orbit control
- Optimum shielding of external fields
- Control of residual (intentional) B_r field

"Holy Grail" of storage rings (largest electrostatic ever conceived)

Expectations

- Endorsement of scientific case and experimental approach
- Support in unification of international effort

Status preparedness levels for the full-scale all-electric ring.

Operations	Rank	Comment	Reference
spin control feed-back	G	COSY R&D	App. A.1.3
spin coherence time	G(-)	COSY R&D	App. A.1.2
polarimetry	Y	polarimetry is destructive	Chap. 11
beam current limit	R	enough protons for EDM	Sect. 7.2
CW/CCW operation	R	systematic EDM error reduction	Ref. [1]
Theory			
GR gravity effect	G(+)	this paper, standard candle bonus	App. D
frozen spin fixed point stable?	G	stable, this paper	App. G.5.5
intrabeam scattering	Y	may limit run duration	Ref. [3]
geometric/Berry phase theory	Y	needs further study	Ref. [4]
Components			
quads	G	e.g. CSR design	Chap. 9
polarimeter	G	COSY R&D	Chap. 11
waveguide Wien filter	G	COSY R&D precursor	App. A.1.5
electric bends	R(+)	sparking/cost compromise	App. A.1.10
Physics & Engineering			
cryogenic vacuum	Y	required?—cost issue only	Ref. [5]
stochastic cooling	Y	ultra-weak focusing issue	Ref. [6]
power supply stability	Y(-)	may prevent phase lock	Chap. 7
regenerative breakdown	R(+)	specific to mainly-electric, not seen in E-separators	
EDM systematics			
polarimetry	G(-)	COSY R&D	Chap. 11
CW/CCW beam shape matching	Y		Chap. 10
beam sample extraction	Y	systematic error?	Chap. 11, App. K
control current resettability	Y		Ref. [7]
BPM precision	Y(-)	Rogowski? Squids?	Chap. 7, Chap. 10
element positioning & rigidity	Y(-)	must match light source stability	Ref. [8]
theoretical analysis			Chap. 10 and refs.
Radial B-field B_r	R	assumed to be dominant	Ref. [1]

Storage Ring to Search for Electric Dipole Moments of Charged Particles - Feasibility Study (arXiv:1912.07881 [hep-ex])