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## Plan

### Introduction:

- Vinyl as a main character
- How it works

### Main:

- RIAA with frequency table
- Comparing curves
- Circuits: Frequency Filter + Mixer

### **Conclusion:**

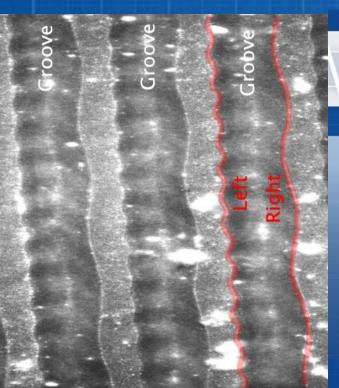
- Pros and Cons
- Development

# Information recording process

**Stereo Plate** 

Left: high-frequency waveform (Above 3000Hz)

Right: low-frequency waveform (Up to 800 Hz)









HORIZONTAL MODULATION

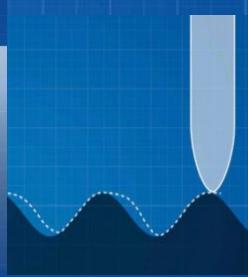


VERTICAL MODULATION



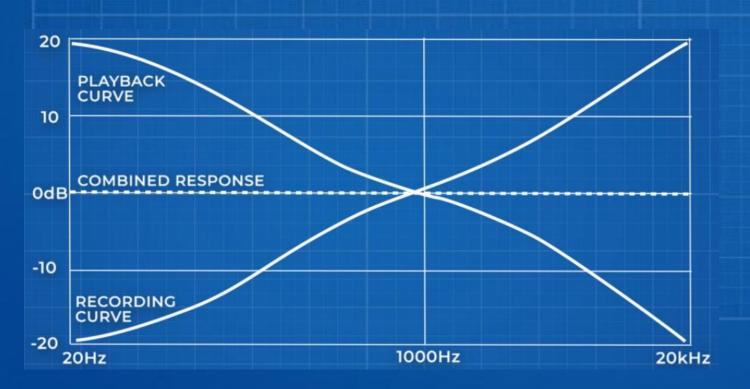
TWO CHANNEL MODULATION





# RIAA equalization

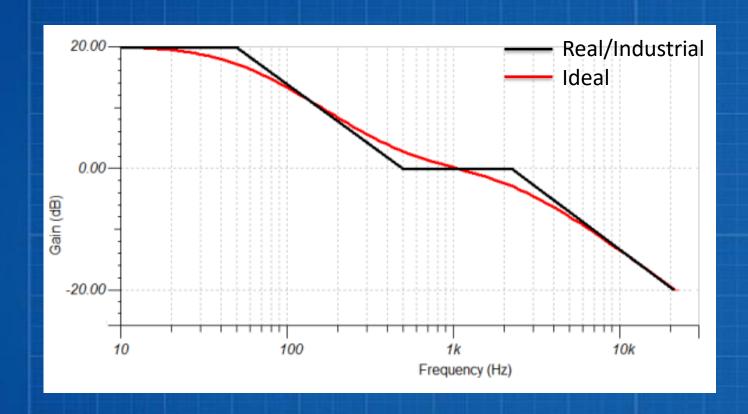
- It allows for more time per side of the vinyl record.
- It reduces typical noise like hiss and clicks associated with records.
- reduces the groove damage
- improves sound quality,



### **Decibels corresponding frequency**

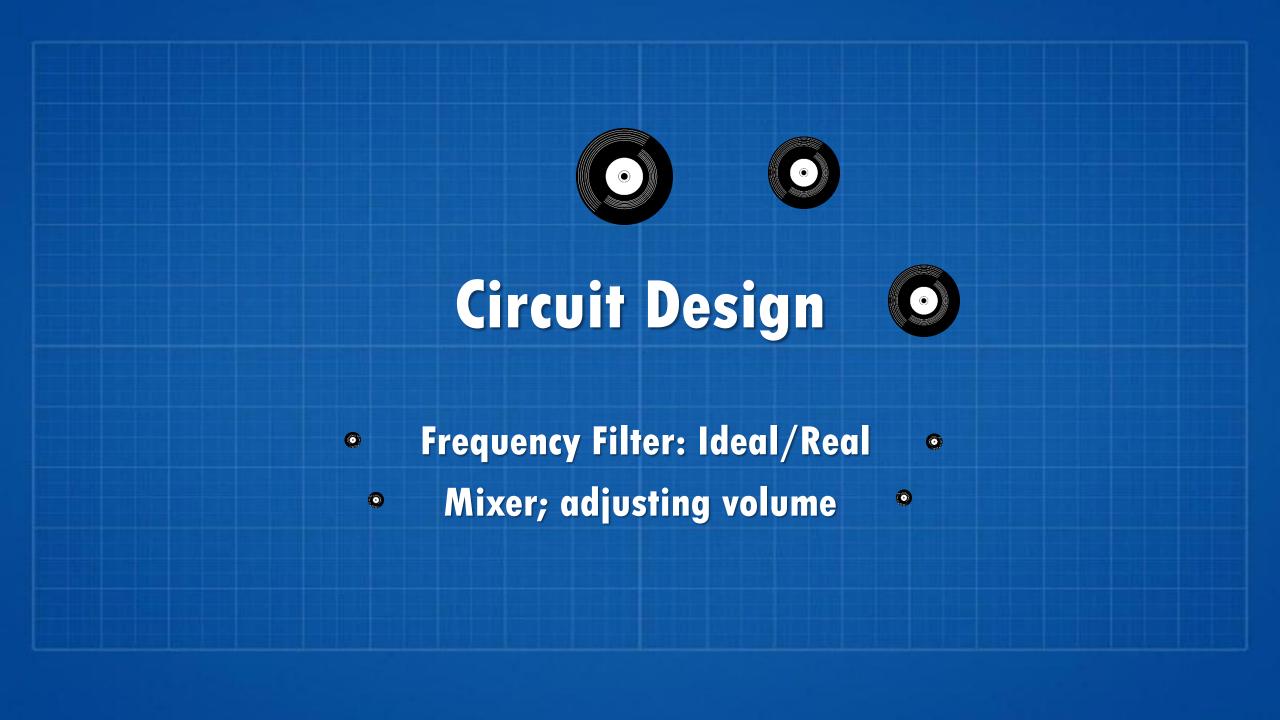
Hz	dB	Hz	dB
10	19,8(9,8)	630	1,6
20	19,3(14,2)	800	0,8
31,5	18,6(15,8)	1 000	0
40	17,8(16,2)	1 250	-0.8 $-1.6$ $-2.6$
50	17,0(15,7)	1 600	
63	15,8(15,0)	2 000	
. 80	14,5(13;9)	3 150	-5,0 $-6,6$ $-8,2$
100	13,1(12,7)	4 000	
125	11,6	5 000	
160	9,8	6 300	10,0
200	8,3	8 000	11,9
315	5,2	10 000	13,7
400 500	3,8 2,6	12 500 16 000 20 000	15,6 17,7 19,6

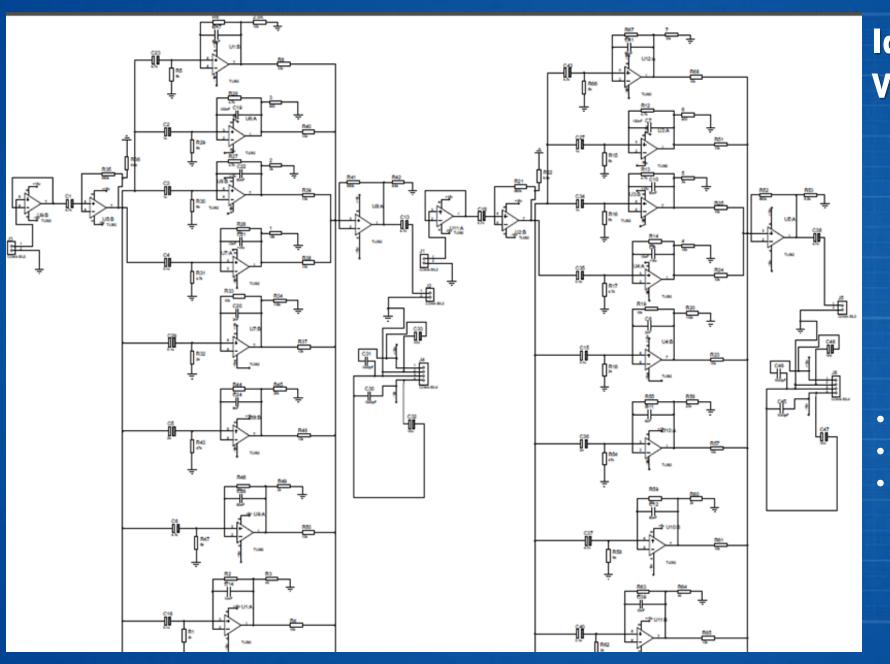
### Real vs Ideal Amp-Freq characteristic of Vinyl Filter



# Disadvantages of industrial vinyl filter

- Incomplete amplify of frequencies
- High thermal noise
- Sound distortion





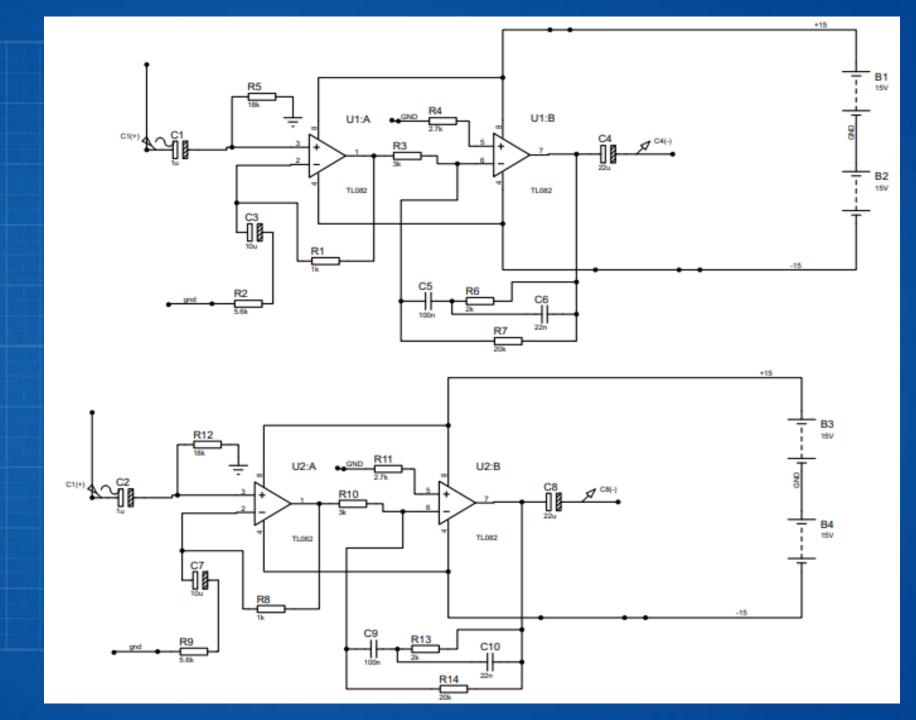
# Ideal Frequency Filter of Vinyl

### **Problems**

- Unrealized in practice
- High Thermal Noise
- High cost

# Solution

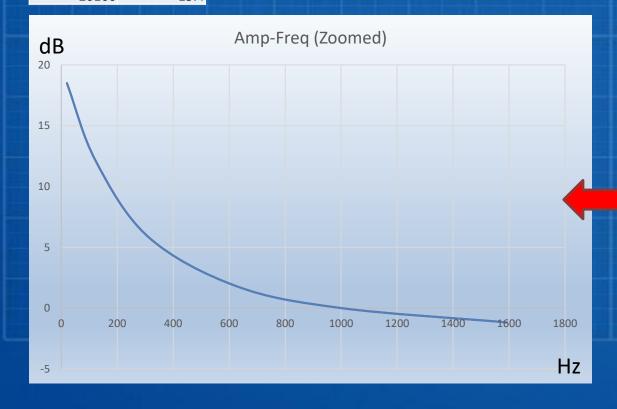
- Practical
- Almost Ideal Amp-Freq characteristic
- High Efficiency
- Low cost

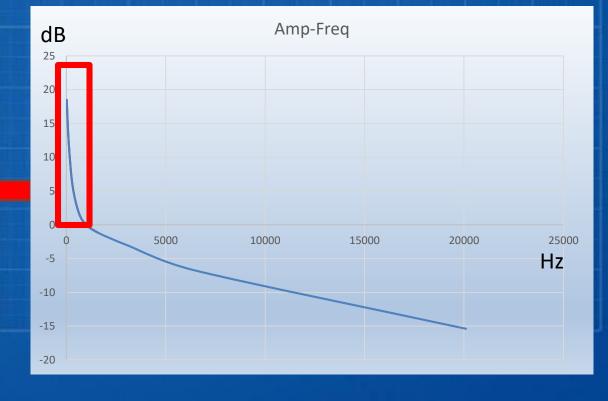


### dB Hz 20 18.5 12.1 123 312 5.83 627 1.79 1000 -1.18 1592 -3.13 3144 -6.75 6450 20100 -15.4

### Estimated amplitude-Frequency Curve

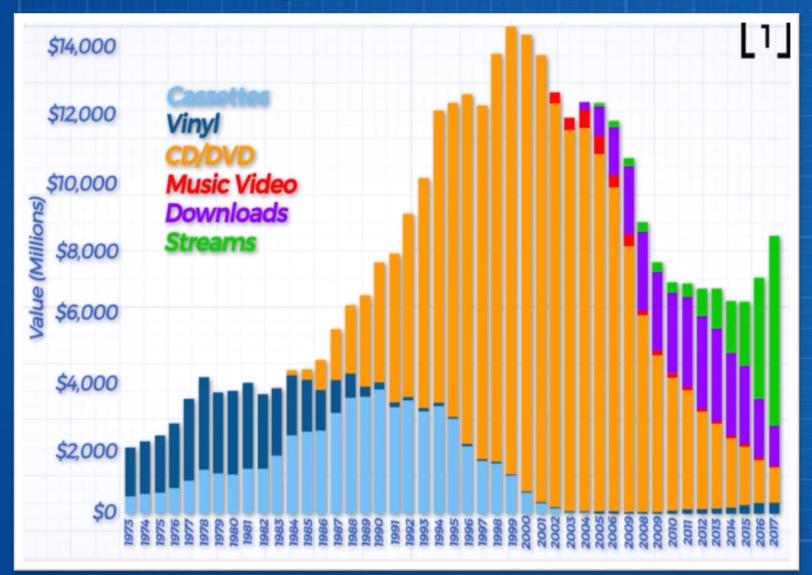
Filtered frequencies according to the circuit





# Mixer

### **Music Industry Sales**



Last decade the demand of vinyl has increased by 10% (approx.) worldwide

## **Future Plans**

- To add other analog signals in mixer
- External regulation of signal amplitude



