



HESR-project in FAIR at GSI

High Energy Storage Ring for antiprotons
in the
Facility for Antiproton and Ion Research
at GSI, Darmstadt, Germany



Contents

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Symbiosis (1)

Experimentalists cannot live without
accelerator physicists and
accelerator physicists cannot live without
experimentalists

You need accelerators, but no accelerator will
be built without constant visible demand for
the experiments. In the case of HESR we are
talking about a phase of 5 – 8 years in which
this demand should increase steadily

(~3 generations of thesis !)



Symbiosis (2)

Experiments and accelerator layout are intimately connected for state-of-the-art experiments. Seek discussion during the early planning phase of the accelerator. Some requirements might exclude each other.

Example: Idea for polarized antiprotons nearly missed the deadline for being included. Now the HESR can be planned to allow this extension.



Mission of HESR

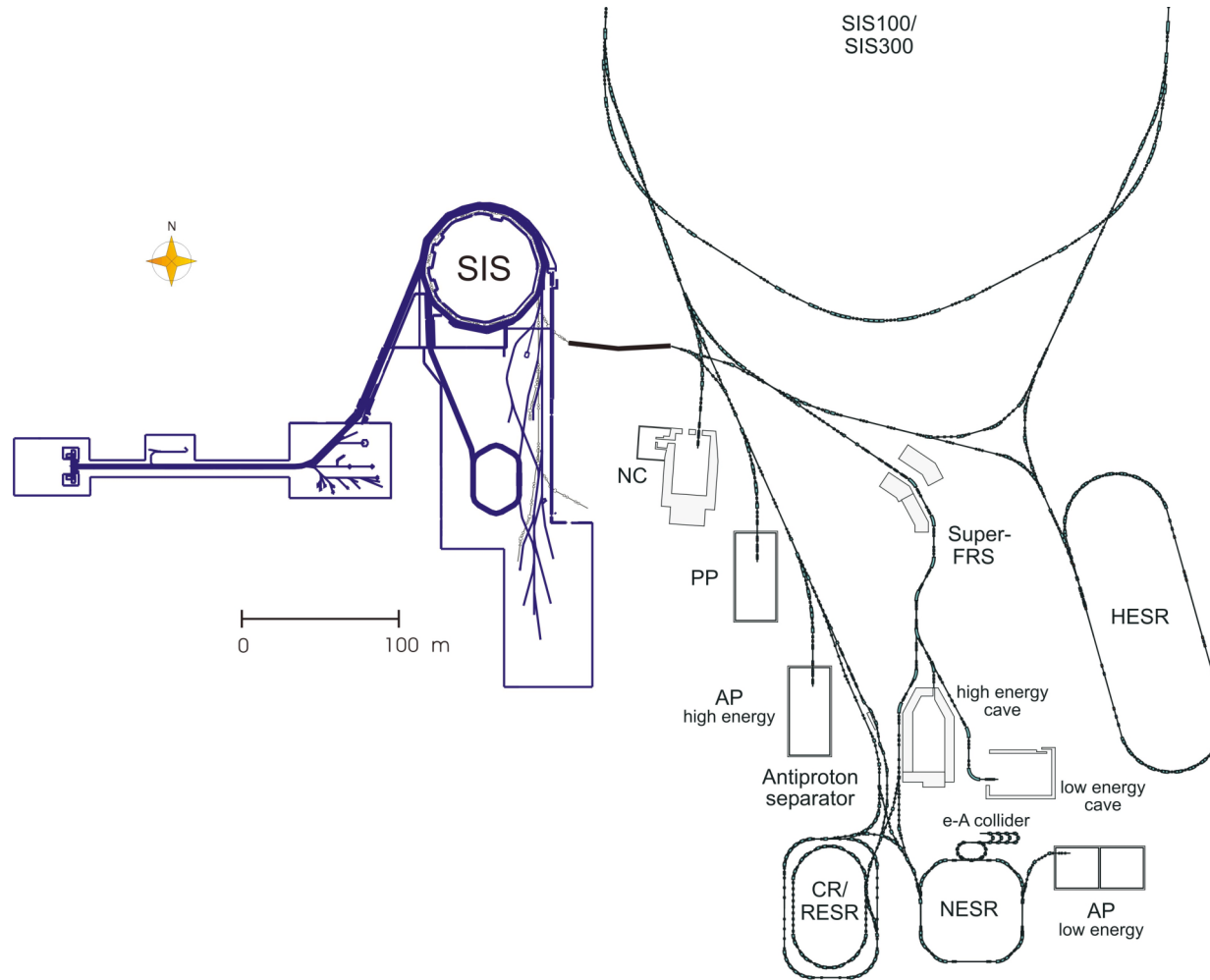
- Provide a door to the physics with antiprotons in the low GeV region
- Make precision antiproton beams available for state-of-the-art experiments

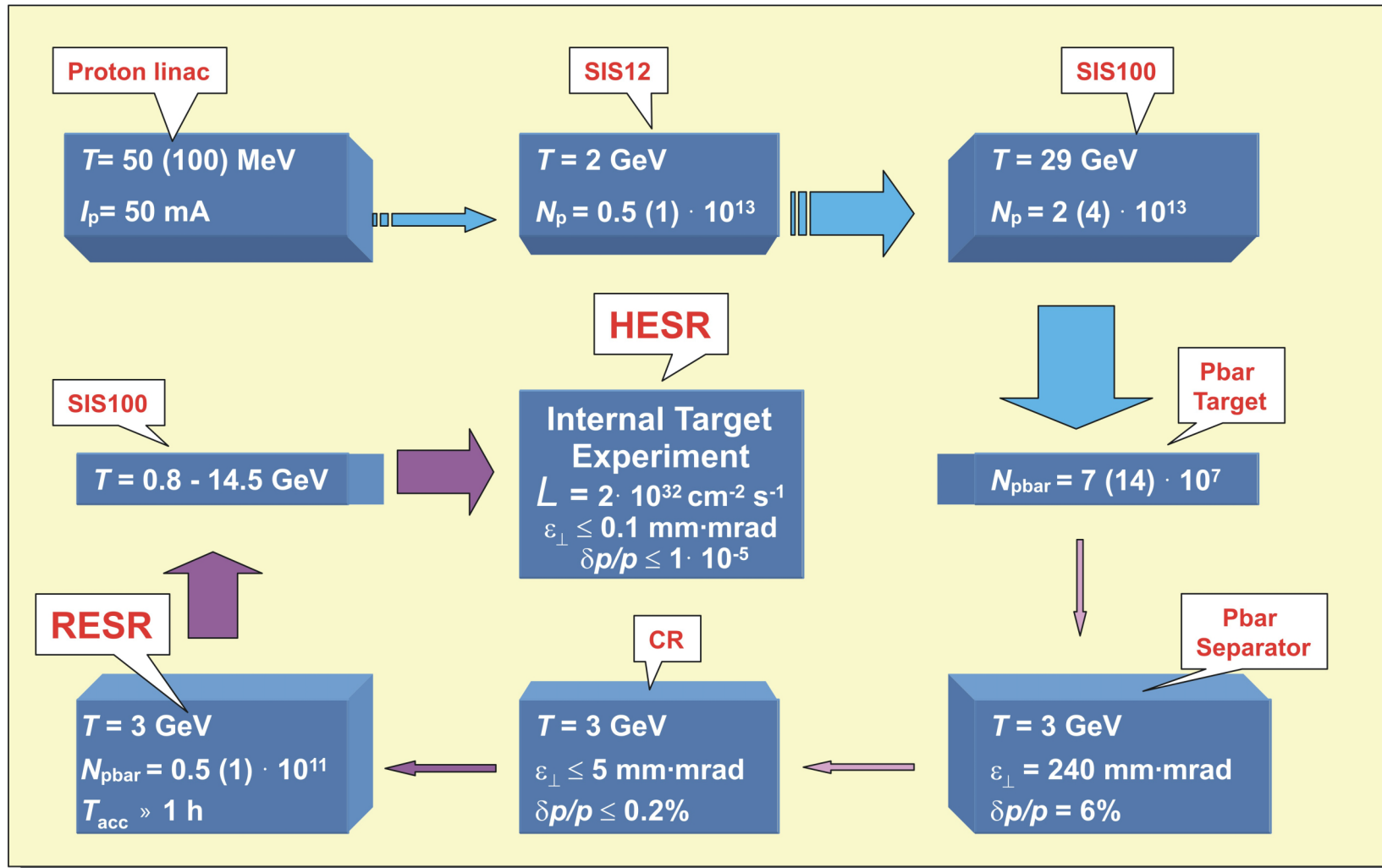
Presently the following experiments are planned

- PANDA
- PAX, ASSIA



FAIR: The Facility







HESR Parameters and Layout

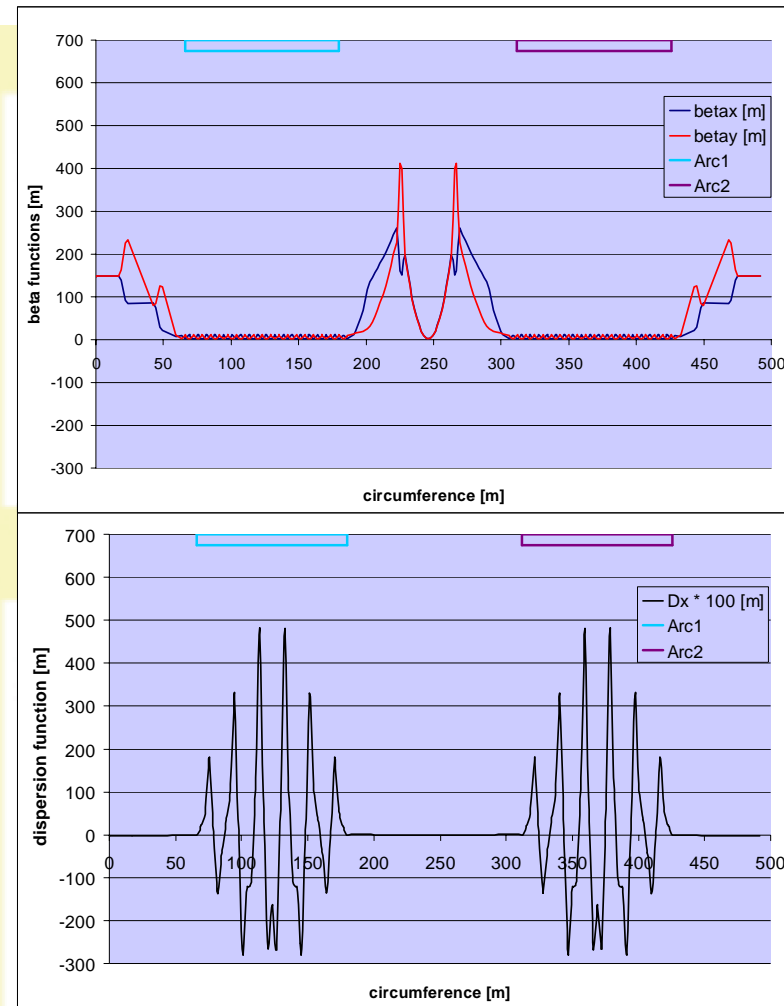
- HESR is a storage ring with cooling and ONE place for experiments
- Momentum range is 1.5 GeV/c to 15 GeV/c (0.831 GeV/c² to 14 GeV/c²)
- At the target place a beam diameter < 1 mm will be provided
- Betafunctions at the target ~ 1 m



Lattice Parameters

(designed by Y. Senichev)

- Large β -functions at the Electron Cooler
- Small β -functions at the target position
- Large (or imaginary) $\gamma_{\text{transition}}$ for beam stability





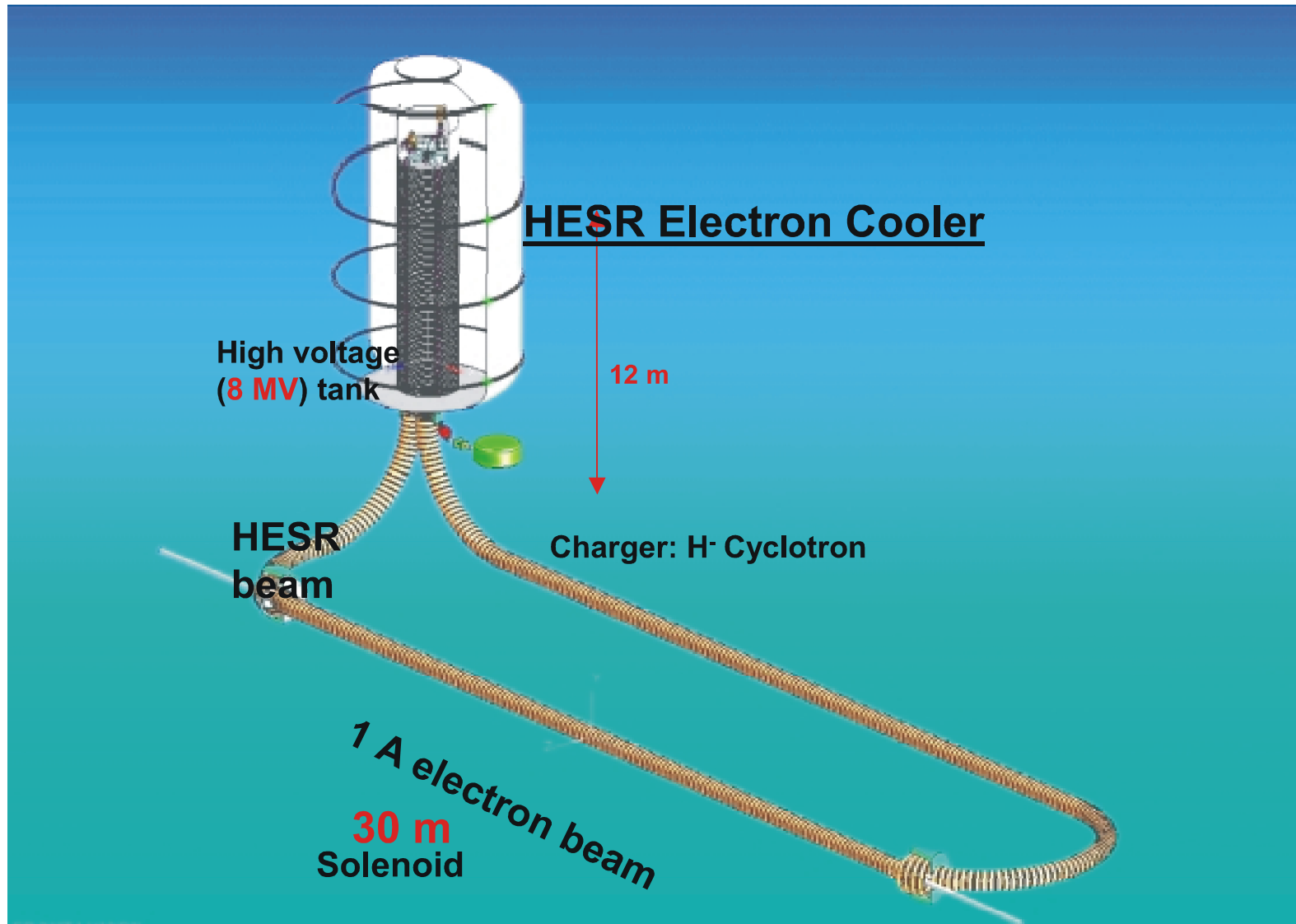
HESR Modes (aims!)

- The users would like to get :

high **luminosity** mode : $2 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ with $\sim 10^{-4}$ momentum spread
 high **resolution** mode : $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ with $\sim 10^{-5}$ momentum spread

- the HESR ring with **dedicated** cooling systems can deliver :

	High luminosity mode	High resolution mode
0.85 GeV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beam intensity : $5 \cdot 10^{10}$ • effective target thickness : $3 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ \Rightarrow luminosity of $10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ • radius σ_T : 0.78 mm \Rightarrow 0.2 mm • momentum spread σ_p/p : $7.2 \cdot 10^{-4} \Rightarrow 1 \cdot 10^{-4}$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beam intensity : $5 \cdot 10^{10}$ • effective target thickness : $3 \cdot 10^{13} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ \Rightarrow luminosity of $10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ • radius σ_T : 0.78 mm \Rightarrow 0.1 mm (#) • momentum spread σ_p/p : $7.2 \cdot 10^{-4} \Rightarrow 0.15 \cdot 10^{-4} (*)$
6 GeV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beam intensity : $5 \cdot 10^{11}$ • effective target thickness : $3 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ \Rightarrow luminosity of $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ • radius σ_T : 0.37 mm \Rightarrow 0.1 mm • momentum spread σ_p/p : about $1.4 \cdot 10^{-4} (*)$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beam intensity : $5 \cdot 10^{10}$ • effective target thickness : $3 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ \Rightarrow luminosity of $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ • radius σ_T : 0.37 mm \Rightarrow 0.05 mm • momentum spread σ_p/p : $1.4 \cdot 10^{-4} \Rightarrow 0.5 \cdot 10^{-4} (*)$
15 GeV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beam intensity : $5 \cdot 10^{11}$ • effective target thickness : $3 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ \Rightarrow luminosity of $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ • radius σ_T : 0.22 mm \Rightarrow 0.6 mm • momentum spread σ_p/p : $0.6 \cdot 10^{-4} \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beam intensity : $5 \cdot 10^{10}$ • effective target thickness : $3 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ \Rightarrow luminosity of $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ • radius σ_T : 0.22 mm \Rightarrow 0.1 mm • momentum spread σ_p/p : $0.6 \cdot 10^{-4} \Rightarrow 0.2 \cdot 10^{-4} (*)$
<p>σ_T is the rms beam radius at target ($\beta_T = 1\text{m}$ at target) : (#) is 0.1 tune spread ; σ_p/p is the rms momentum spread : numbers marked by (*) are the limiting values for 100 Ω impedance and pulse width $\sigma_b = 0.11 \mu\text{sec}$</p>		





Cooling

- Electron cooling links transverse and longitudinal cooling. 8 MV not done before. 8 MV corresponds to 15 GeV/c.
- Stochastic cooling can be used separately for longitudinal, horizontal and vertical particle motion.
- Sophisticated combination of electron and stochastic cooling under investigation. Modelling (beam-target interaction, intrabeam scattering)!



Relation of IKP / FZJ to HESR

- FZ Jülich (IKP-COSY Group) takes over the responsibility for building the HESR
- Formal commitment / agreement pending, first draft of MoU is circulating
- Successful application for EU money (Design Study) together with other subprojects of FAIR
 - Contract negotiations with EU in progress. 90% of the applied money will be granted. For HESR ~ 1.3 M€ can be expected for 2005-2007. HESR consortium between FZJ, TSL and GSI.



Extension: Polarization

To polarize antiprotons two ideas have been proposed:

The first, called **Spin Filter (see talk by Frank Rathmann)**, is based on the fact that absorption of antiprotons in a polarized proton target is different when the two spins are parallel or antiparallel. If the spin-dependent cross-sections σ_L or σ_T are not negligible, the transmitted beam can be (slightly) polarized.

The effect is enhanced in the case where a polarized hydrogen target based on the storage cell technique is installed in a storage ring.

Preferred!

The second idea is the Spin Splitter which based on the separation of particles with opposite spins by Stern-Gerlach effect in the inhomogeneous field of a quadrupole.



Polarization: HESR add-ons

Additional equipment in the HESR

Acceleration from 1.5 GeV/c to 15 GeV/c (830 MeV to 14 GeV)

Synchrotron Magnets

Dynamic Power supplies

Control

Polarisation conservation

Polarimeter

Full and helical snakes

RF Dipole

Pulsed quadrupoles

Proton Injection

Larger Circumference: 1 M€ per 10 m

Estimated Costs and Manpower: 45M€+25 M€ & (350 MY for HESR)



The Antiproton Polarizer

Ring itself

Acceleration from 240 MeV/c to 1.5 GeV/c (30 MeV to 830 MeV)

Electron Cooler

Full snake at low energy

Polarisation conservation (Fast Quads, RF Dipole)

Polarimeter

2 Injections

2 Extractions

Targetstation

Polarized H⁻-source

30 MeV injector

Estimated Costs and Manpower: 30 M€ & 150 MY without infrastructure costs



Synergy with future COSY activities

- Experience with the planned 2 MV cooler for a COSY upgrade will influence the proposed 8 MV cooler for HESR



COSY 2 MV cooler

Basic concept proposed by V.V. Parkhomchuk et al.
(Budker Institute, Novosibirsk, RUS)

