

Andro Kacharava
Erlangen University
(on behalf of ANKE collaboration)

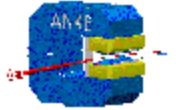
Spin Physics Inside the COSY Ring

Experimental Program

- § Nucleon-Nucleon Scattering
- § Pion Production
- § Hyperon-Nucleon FSI

Experimental Tools

- § Polarization
- § Spectator Detection



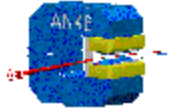
Motivation:

1. **NN Interaction** – Fundamental to nuclear physics
2. **NN \rightarrow NN π** – Test of chiral perturbation theory for few nucleon system
3. **YN Interaction** – SU(3) breaking effects from spin dependence

(talk Ulf-G. Meißner)

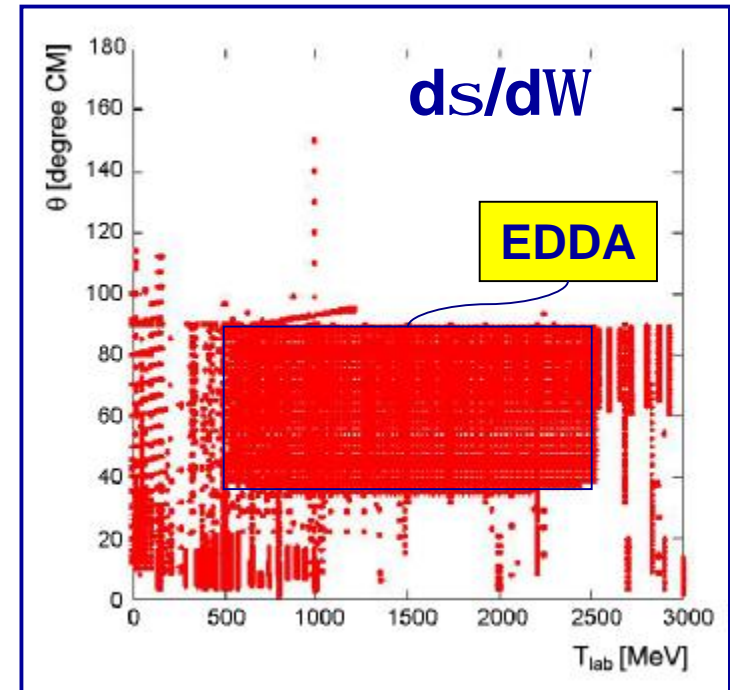
New insights into the strong interaction physics at intermediate energies

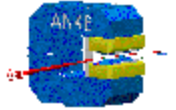
Tool: Double polarization (beam/target) experiments by fully exploiting the potential of COSY



- Fundamental for understanding strong interaction
- Characterization requires precise data for **P**hase **S**hift **A**nalyses
- **pp** system well-known up to 2.5 GeV (→**EDDA**): Majority of data on unpolarized, single, and double polarized observables
- Large impact on PSA > 500 MeV: Significantly reduced ambiguities in $I=1$ phase shifts

pp elastic data-base

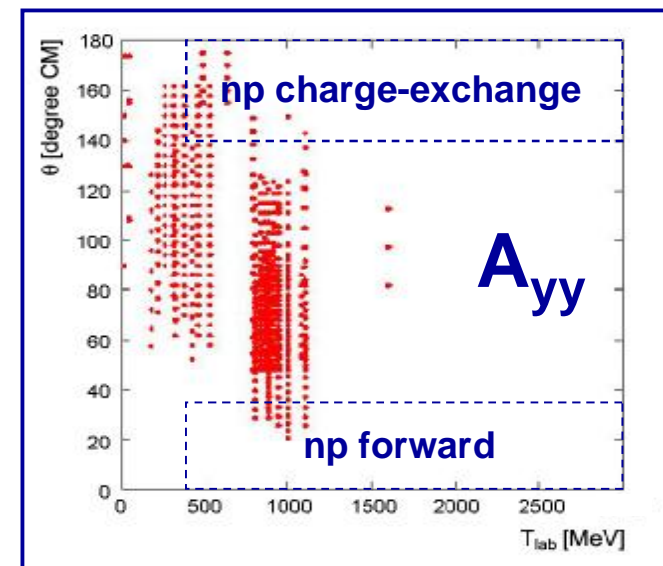
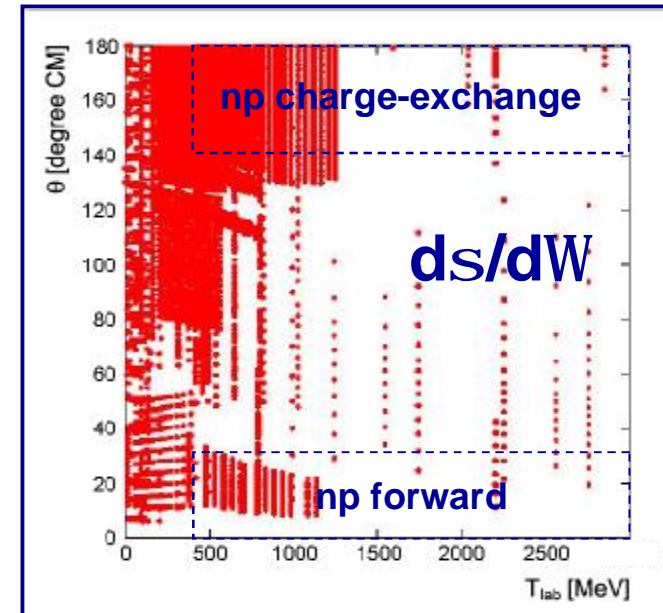


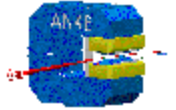


- Current experimental status of np data:

§R. Arndt:

- “Gross misconception within the community that np amplitudes are known to a couple of GeV”
- “np data above 800 MeV is a DESERT for experimentalists”
- np system poorly known → ANKE will provide high-quality data in forward/backward region



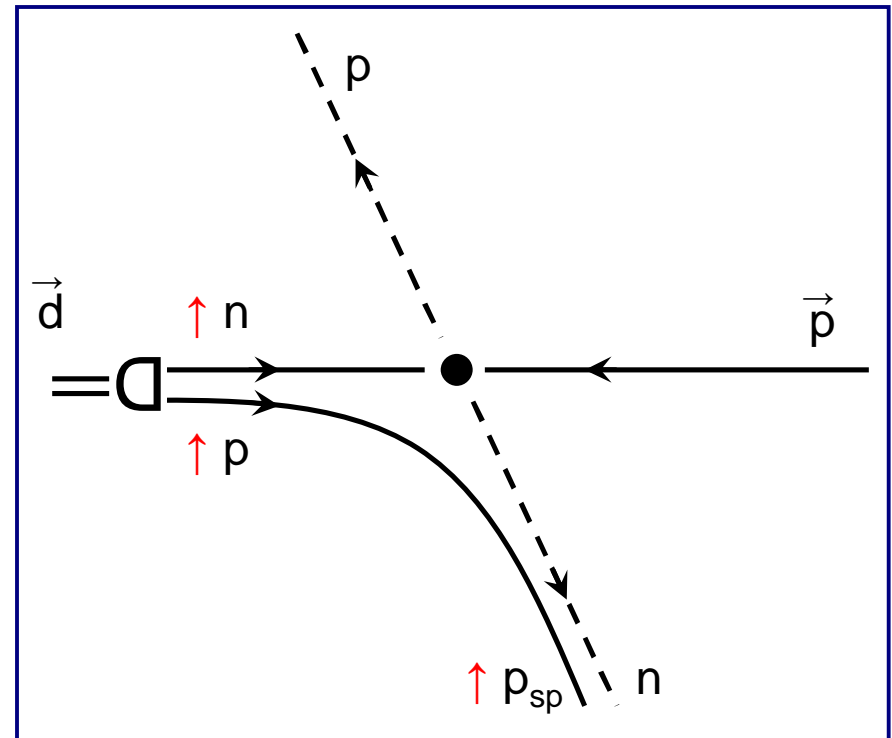


Deuteron beam:

$$\vec{d}\vec{p} \rightarrow p_{sp} (pn) \quad (\text{forward } np)$$

Deuteron target:

$$\vec{p}\vec{d} \rightarrow p_{sp} (pn) \quad (\text{forward } pn)$$

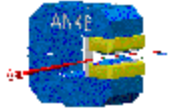


dp observables: $d\sigma/d\Omega$, T_{20} , T_{22} , $A_{y,y}$, ...

quasi-free

np observables: A_y , A_{yy}

d beam: up to 1.1 GeV for np
d target: up to 2.8 GeV for pn

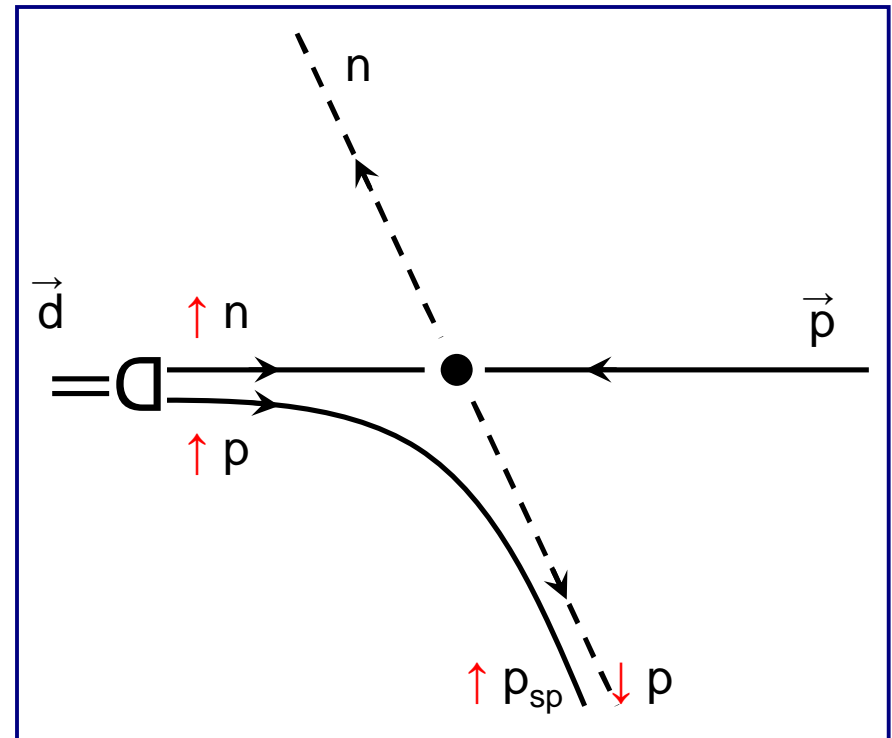


Deuteron beam:

$$\vec{d}\vec{p} \rightarrow (pp)_{1S_0} n \text{ (charge-ex. np)}$$

Deuteron target:

$$\vec{p}\vec{d} \rightarrow (pp)_{1S_0} n \text{ (charge-ex. pn)}$$

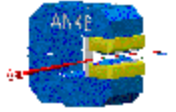


dp observables: $d\sigma/d\Omega$, T_{20} , T_{22} , $A_{y,y}$, ...

quasi-free

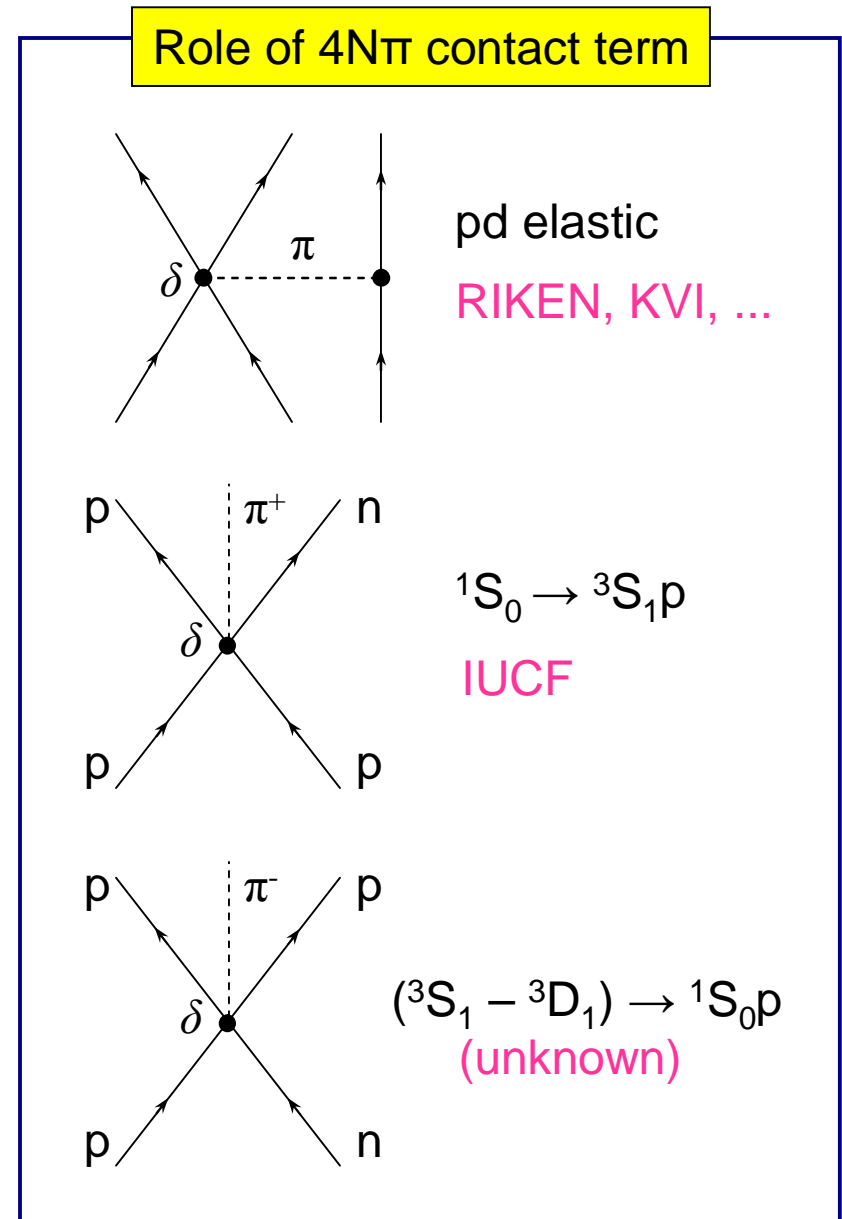
np observables: A_y , A_{yy} , D_{yy} , $A_{xy,y}$, ...

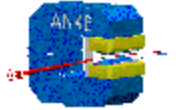
d beam: up to 1.1 GeV for np
d target: up to 2.8 GeV for pn



Derive chiral three-body force
from pion production

- Very different kinematics, but same d : consistency check of ChPT for $NN \rightarrow NN\pi$
- Model-independent extraction from ANKE data
 $\vec{p}d \rightarrow p_{sp}pp\pi^-$ \longrightarrow





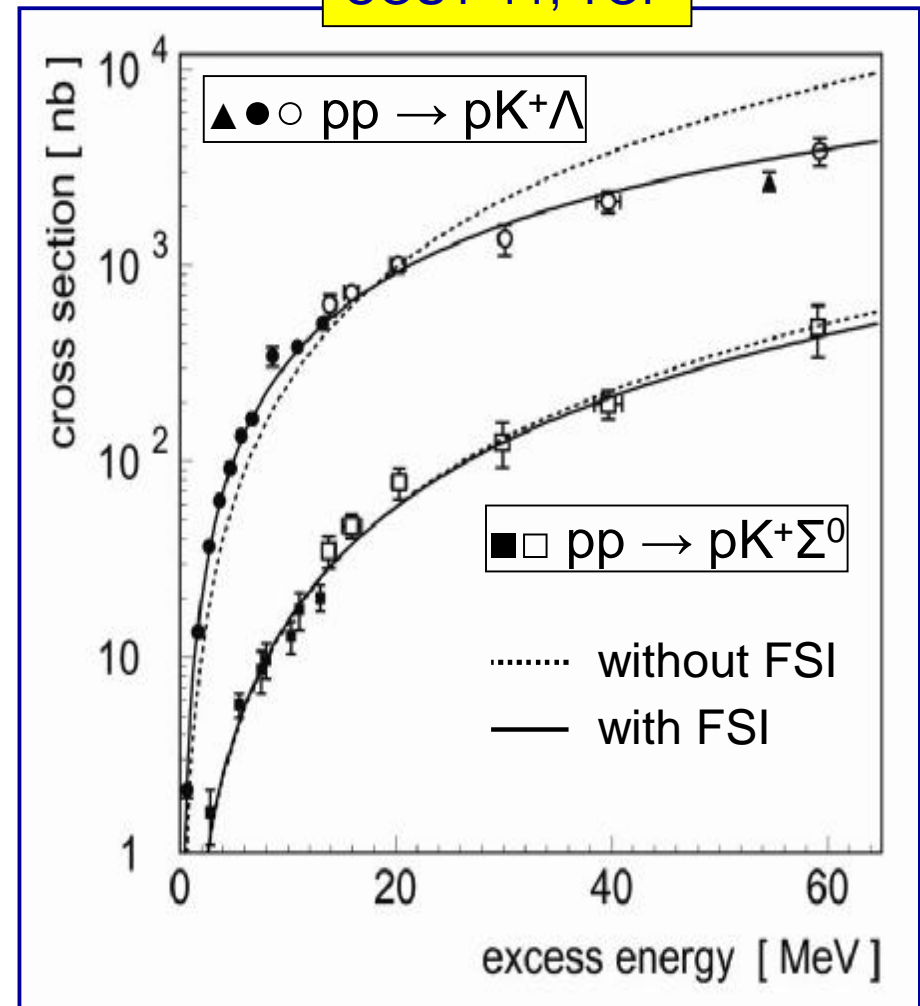
Importance of **F**inal **S**tate **I**nteraction:

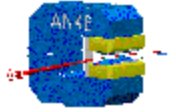


- Incoherent sum of 3S_1 and 1S_0
FSI with unknown relative strengths

- **Spin dependence of FSI unknown**
C. Hanhart, Phys.Rep. 397 (2004)

COSY-11, TOF





Spin/isospin dependence of $pN \rightarrow (N\Lambda) K^+$

- Both needed:

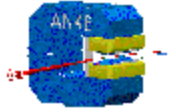
$$\vec{p}\vec{p} \rightarrow (p\Lambda) K^+ \quad \text{TOF}$$

$$\vec{p}\vec{n} \rightarrow (n\Lambda) K^+ \quad \text{ANKE} \Rightarrow \text{via spectator detection}$$

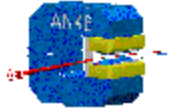
- ANKE is well equipped to provide:

I_0	–	unpolarized cross section
A_{yy}	–	transverse spin-correlation
(D_{yy})	–	spin-transfer parameter)

- $N\Lambda$ triplet final state can be isolated unambiguously from $\sim ds(\uparrow\uparrow)/dm_{N\Lambda}^2$



The diagram illustrates the ANKE experimental setup. At the top, a yellow box labeled "Atomic Beam Source" is connected to a "D2" target. Below this, a "Polarized Internal Target" is shown. The main detection system consists of a "Silicon Telescope System" (left) and a "Silicon Telescope" (right). A "Spectator detection" system is also indicated at the bottom. The diagram shows particle paths in red and green, and a blue line representing the atomic beam. Photographs show the physical components: the Atomic Beam Source, the Silicon Telescope System, and the Silicon Telescope.



Existing experimental tools at ANKE-COSY
➤ pursue a **Unique Spin Physics Program**

Single and Double Polarization Experiments

- $(\vec{p}\vec{n})$ ➤ **NN interaction**
- Pion Production in NN Collisions ➤ **3N forces**
- YN Interaction ➤ **SU(3) symmetry breaking**

The COSY SPIN physics program will find a natural continuation in the HESR SPIN physics (i.e. PAX)

(talk Frank Rathmann)